



STIC Search Report

Biotech-Chem Library

STIC Database Tracking Number: 104717

TO: Jeffrey Parkin
Location: CM1/8E15
Art Unit: 1648
Thursday, October 09, 2003
Case Serial Number: 09889982

From: Paul Schulwitz
Location: Biotech-Chem Library
CM1-6B06
Phone: 305-1954

paul.schulwitz@uspto.gov

Search Notes

Examiner Parkin,

See attached results.

If you have any questions about this search feel free to contact me at any time.

Thank you for using STIC search services!

Paul Schulwitz
Technical Information Specialist
STIC Biotech/Chem Library
(703)305-1954

SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name: JEFF PARKIN Examiner #: 72607 Date: 09/29/03
 An Unit: 1648 Phone Number: 308-3227 Serial Number: 09/889,982
 Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location: CMD1/BE15 Results Format Preferred (circle) PAPER DISK E-MAIL

If more than one search is submitted, please prioritize searches in order of need.

Please provide a detailed statement of the search topic, and describe as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Include the elected species or structures, keywords, synonyms, acronyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or utility of the invention. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc, if known. Please attach a copy of the cover sheet, pertinent claims, and abstract.

Title of Invention: _____

Inventors (please provide full names): _____

Earliest Priority Filing Date: _____

For Sequence Searches Only Please include all pertinent information (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the appropriate serial number.

Please search claim 1 and 5. The TAT protein is from HIV-1 and the basic region is set forth in Fig 1A. The oligonucleotide backbone is set forth in Fig 1B.

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	Type of Search	Vendors and cost where applicable
Searcher: _____	NA Sequence (#) _____	STN <u>252.68</u>
Searcher Phone #: _____	AA Sequence (#) _____	Dialog _____
Searcher Location: _____	Structure (#) <u>1</u>	Questel Orbit _____
Date Searcher Printed: _____	Bibliographic _____	On Line _____
Date Completed: <u>10/9</u>	Litigation _____	Lexis Nexis _____
Searcher Prep & Review Time: <u>30</u>	Fulltext _____	Sequence Systems _____
Client Prep Time _____	Patent Family _____	WWW Internet _____
Trav Time: <u>12</u>	Other _____	Other Specified _____

PT 10/10/03

=> d que

L2 862 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON "GENE, MICROBIAL (L) TAT"+OLD/CT
 L3 2319 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON "TRANSCRIPTION FACTORS (L) TAT"+OLD/CT
 L4 2768 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 OR L3
 L13 3 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L4 AND OLIGOUREA
 L14 2 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON ARGININE/CN
 L16 155 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (ARGININE OR L14) AND L4
 L17 1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L16 AND (OLIGOUREA OR OLIGOUREA)
 L18 3 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L13 OR L17

=> d bib tabs hit ind 1-3

L18 ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:177403 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:28708
 TITLE: Targeting RNA with peptidomimetic oligomers in human cells
 AUTHOR(S): Tamilarasu, N.; Huq, I.; Rana, T. M.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pharmacology, Robert Wood Johnson Medical School, and Molecular Biosciences Graduate Program at Rutgers State University, Piscataway, NJ, 08854, USA
 SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2001), 11(4), 505-507
 CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

AB Replication of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) requires specific interactions of Tat protein with the trans-activation responsive region (TAR) RNA, a 59-base stem-loop structure located at the 5'-end of all HIV mRNAs. Here we report that two TAR RNA-binding peptidomimetics, **oligourea** and oligocarbamate, inhibit transcriptional activation by Tat protein in human cells with an IC50 of .apprx.0.5 and 1 .mu.M, resp. Peptidomimetics that can target specific RNA structures provide novel mols. that can be used to control cellular processes involving protein-RNA interactions in vivo. Replication of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) requires specific interactions of Tat protein with the trans-activation responsive region (TAR) RNA, a stem-loop structure located at the 5'-end of all HIV mRNAs. Here we report that two TAR RNA-binding peptidomimetics, **oligourea** and oligocarbamate, inhibit transcriptional activation by Tat protein in human cells with an IC50 of 0.5 and .apprx.1.0 .mu.M, resp. Peptidomimetics that can target specific RNA structures provide novel mols. that can be used to control cellular processes involving protein-RNA interactions in vivo.

CC 1-5 (Pharmacology)

IT **Transcription factors**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(tat; targeting RNA with peptidomimetic oligomers in human cells)

REFERENCE COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L18 ANSWER 2 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:513643 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:120053

TITLE: Tat-derived **oligourea** and its method of production and use in high affinity and specific binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA

INVENTOR(S): Rana, Tariq M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000043332	A2	20000727	WO 2000-US1957	20000125
W: AU, CA, JP, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
AU 2000026318	A1	20000807	AU 2000-26318	20000125
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1999-117099P P 19990125				
WO 2000-US1957 W 20000125				

AB This invention relates to the use of **oligourea** mols. to specifically inhibit protein-nucleic acid interactions. In particular, it provides an **oligourea** mol. that competes with the Tat protein for the TAR RNA of HIV-1. Also provided is a method specifically inhibiting protein-nucleic acid interactions, and kits.

IC ICM C07B

CC 23-20 (Aliphatic Compounds)

Section cross-reference(s): 6, 14

ST tat protein **oligourea** HIV1 TAR RNA binding

IT Genetic element

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(TAR element; tat-derived **oligourea** and method of prodn. and use in high affinity and specific binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA)

IT Viral RNA

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(TAR, of HIV-1; tat-derived **oligourea** and method of prodn. and use in high affinity and specific binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA)

IT Nucleoproteins

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(inhibition of; tat-derived **oligourea** and method of prodn. and use in high affinity and specific binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA)

IT Proteins, specific or class

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(nucleic acid-binding, side chains of, use in **oligourea**; tat-derived **oligourea** and method of prodn. and use in high affinity and specific binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA)

IT Polyureas
Polyureas
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(polyamide-; tat-derived **oligourea** and method of prodn. and use in high affinity and specific binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA)

IT Polyamides, preparation
Polyamides, preparation
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(polyurea-; tat-derived **oligourea** and method of prodn. and use in high affinity and specific binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA)

IT Human immunodeficiency virus 1
Peptidomimetics
Protein sequences
Test kits
(tat-derived **oligourea** and method of prodn. and use in high affinity and specific binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA)

IT **Transcription factors**
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(tat; tat-derived **oligourea** and method of prodn. and use in high affinity and specific binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA)

IT 253141-50-3P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(tat-derived **oligourea** and method of prodn. and use in high affinity and specific binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA)

L18 ANSWER 3 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:75995 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:291111
TITLE: High Affinity and Specific Binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA by a Tat-Derived **Oligourea**
AUTHOR(S): Tamilarasu, N.; Huq, Ikramul; Rana, Tariq M.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pharmacology, Robert Wood Johnson Medical School, Piscataway, NJ, 08854, USA
SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (1999), 121(7), 1597-1598
CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

AB An **oligourea** contg. the basic **arginine**-rich region of the Tat protein was synthesized and shown to specifically recognize TAR RNA. **Oligourea**-RNA interactions and stability of the **oligourea** to proteolysis were detd.

CC 1-5 (Pharmacology)
ST HIV1 TAR RNA **oligourea** binding
IT Genetic element
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(TAR element; binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA by a Tat-derived
oligourea)

IT Human immunodeficiency virus 1
(binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA by a Tat-derived **oligourea**)

IT **Transcription factors**
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
.. (tat; binding...of HIV-1 TAR RNA by a **Tat**-derived
oligourea)

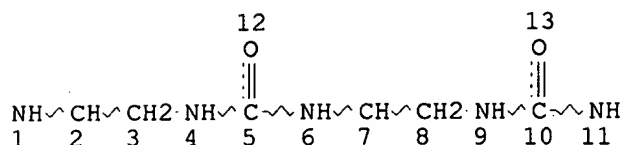
IT 223273-18-5P
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP
(Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
(Preparation); PROC (Process)
(binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA by a Tat-derived **oligourea**)

IT 191936-91-1
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
(Biological study); PROC (Process)
(binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA by a Tat-derived **oligourea** and
comparison with Tat-derived peptide)

REFERENCE COUNT: 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> d que

L1 1317 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON GRKKRRQRRR/SQSP
 L8 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 13

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L10 41 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L8

L12 2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 AND L10

=> d bib abs ind hitseq hitstr 1-2

L12 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:265375 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:311431

TITLE: Preparation of novel amino acid-related carbamates and ureas

INVENTOR(S): Rana, Tariq M.; Hwang, Seongwoo; Tamilarasu, Natarajan
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey, USASOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 117 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001025188	A1	20010412	WO 2000-US27398	20001004
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 6420591	B1	20020716	US 2000-679728	20001004
EP 1226115	A1	20020731	EP 2000-968691	20001004
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL				

US 6503713	B1	20030107	US 2000-679451	20001004
JP 2003511362	T2	20030325	JP 2001-528136	20001004
US 6583309	B1	20030624	US 2002-151800	20020521
US 2003153523	A1	20030814	US 2002-295761	20021115

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
 US 1999-157646P P 19991004
 US 2000-679451 A1 20001004
 US 2000-679728 A3 20001004
 WO 2000-US27398 W 20001004

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:311431

AB Novel carbamates and ureas H-Y-Y-Y-NH₂ [each Y is independently a radical NHC*H[(CH₂)mR₁]CO, N[(CH₂)mR₁]CH₂CO, or NHC*H[(CH₂)mR₁]CH₂O₂C (Q), where each R₁ is independently selected from -NH₂, -NHC(:NH)NH₂, and -CH₂C(:NH)NH₂; each m is independently an integer 3-7; each * is an (R) or (S) chiral center; and with the proviso that at least one Y is a radical having the structure of Q] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts were prepd. for treating or preventing cancer, inflammation, or a viral infection. Thus, H₂NCONHCH[(CH₂)₃NHC(:NH)NH₂]CH₂NHCONHCH[(CH₂)₄NH₂]CH₂NHCONHCH[(CH₂)₄NH₂]CH₂NH₂, with the chirality of arginine and lysine, was prepd. and showed K_i = 50 nM for binding to HIV TAR RNA.

IC ICM C07C261-00

ICS C07C275-00

CC 34-3 (Amino Acids, Peptides, and Proteins)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 15

ST amino acid carbamate urea prepn antitumor antiinflammatory virucide

IT Hepatitis

(A; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Hepatitis

(B; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Hepatitis

(C; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Sarcoma

(Kaposi's; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT RNA

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(TAR; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Lymphoproliferative disorders

(Waldenstrom's macroglobulinemia; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Leukemia

(acute lymphocytic; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Leukemia

(acute myelogenous; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Leukemia

Respiratory distress syndrome

(acute; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Carcinoma

(adenocarcinoma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Astrocyte

(astrocytoma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Skin, neoplasm

(basal cell carcinoma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Biliary tract

(bile duct, carcinoma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Bladder

Lung, neoplasm
(carcinoma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Musculoskeletal diseases
(cartilage chondrosarcoma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Cartilage
(chondrosarcoma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Notochord
(chordoma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Chorion
(choriocarcinoma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Leukemia
(chronic lymphocytic; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Leukemia
(chronic; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Intestine, neoplasm
(colon, carcinoma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Brain, neoplasm
(ependymoma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Leukemia
(erythroleukemia; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Sarcoma
(fibrosarcoma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Neuroglia
(glioma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Blood vessel, neoplasm
(hemangioblastoma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Blood vessel, neoplasm
(hemangiosarcoma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Liver, neoplasm
(hepatoma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Intestine, disease
(inflammatory; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Reperfusion
(injury; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Adipose tissue, neoplasm
(liposarcoma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Brain, neoplasm
(medulloblastoma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Meninges
(meningioma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Mesothelium
(mesothelioma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Leukemia
(myelogenous; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Mammary gland
Prostate gland
(neoplasm; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Oligodendrocyte
(oligodendroglioma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT Bone, neoplasm
(osteosarcoma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT AIDS (disease)
Anti-inflammatory agents
Antitumor agents
Antiviral agents

Asthma
 Carcinoma
 Eczema
 Hodgkin's disease
 Human T-lymphotropic virus 1
 Human immunodeficiency virus 1
 Human immunodeficiency virus 2
 Human poliovirus
 Influenza virus
 Leukemia
 Lymphoma
 Measles virus
 Melanoma
 Multiple myeloma
 Ovary, neoplasm
 Pancreas, neoplasm
 Polycythemia vera
 Psoriasis
 Rabies virus
 Rheumatoid arthritis
 Rotavirus
 Sarcoma
 Testis, neoplasm
 Uterus, neoplasm

(prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)
 IT Amino acids, preparation
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)
 IT Kidney, neoplasm
 (renal cell carcinoma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)
 IT Lung, neoplasm
 (small-cell carcinoma; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)
 IT Carcinoma
 (squamous cell; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)
 IT Intestine, disease
 (ulcerative colitis; prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)
 IT 334000-12-3P 334000-13-4P 334000-14-5P 334000-15-6P 334000-16-7P
 334000-17-8P 334000-18-9P 334000-19-0P 334000-20-3P 334000-21-4P
 334000-22-5P 334000-23-6P 334000-24-7P 334000-25-8P 334000-26-9P
 334000-27-0P 334000-28-1P 334000-29-2P 334000-30-5P 334000-31-6P
 334000-32-7P 334000-33-8P 334000-34-9P 334000-35-0P 334000-36-1P
 334000-37-2P 334000-38-3P 334000-39-4P 334000-40-7P 334000-41-8P
 334000-42-9P 334000-43-0P 334000-44-1P 334000-45-2P 334000-46-3P
 334000-47-4P 334000-48-5P 334000-49-6P 334000-50-9P 334000-51-0P
 334000-52-1P 334000-53-2P 334000-54-3P 334000-55-4P 334000-56-5P
 334000-57-6P 334000-58-7P 334000-59-8P 334000-60-1P 334000-61-2P
 334000-62-3P 334000-63-4P 334000-64-5P 334000-65-6P 334000-66-7P
 334000-67-8P 334000-68-9P 334000-69-0P 334000-70-3P 334000-71-4P
 334000-72-5P 334000-73-6P 334000-74-7P 334000-75-8P 334000-76-9P
 334000-77-0P 334000-78-1P 334000-79-2P 334000-80-5P 334000-81-6P
 334000-82-7P 334000-83-8P 334000-84-9P 334000-85-0P 334000-86-1P
 334000-87-2P 334000-88-3P 334000-89-4P 334000-90-7P 334000-91-8P
 334000-92-9P 334000-93-0P 334000-94-1P 334000-95-2P 334000-96-3P

334000-97-4P 334000-98-5P 334000-99-6P 334001-00-2P 334001-01-3P
 334001-02-4P 334001-03-5P 334001-04-6P 334001-05-7P 334001-06-8P
 334001-07-9P 334001-08-0P 334001-09-1P **334001-10-4P**

334001-11-5P 334001-12-6P 334001-13-7P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT 79-08-3, Bromoacetic acid 29022-11-5, Fmoc gly oh 68076-36-8
 71989-20-3 80149-80-0 91000-69-0 92954-90-0 105047-45-8
 121343-82-6 181767-66-8 334001-23-9 334001-24-0

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT 181757-41-5P 334001-14-8P 334001-15-9P 334001-16-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT 334001-17-1P 334001-18-2P 334001-19-3P 334001-20-6P 334001-21-7P
 334001-22-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT 111518-02-6 172077-28-0 334838-50-5

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed nucleotide sequence; prepn. of novel amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT **253141-50-3**

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; prepn. of novel amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

IT **334001-10-4P 334001-11-5P 334001-12-6P**

334001-13-7P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

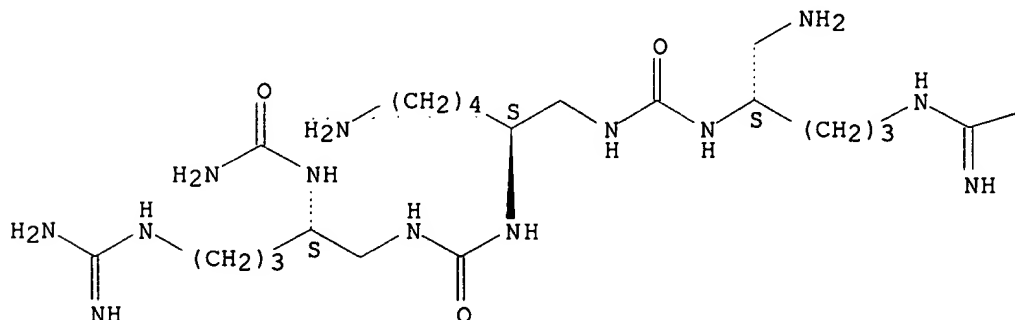
(prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

RN 334001-10-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2,5,7,10-Tetraazaundecanediamide, 8-(4-aminobutyl)-N11-[(1S)-4-[(aminoiminomethyl)amino]-1-(aminomethyl)butyl]-3-[3-[(aminoiminomethyl)amino]propyl]-6-oxo-, (3S,8S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



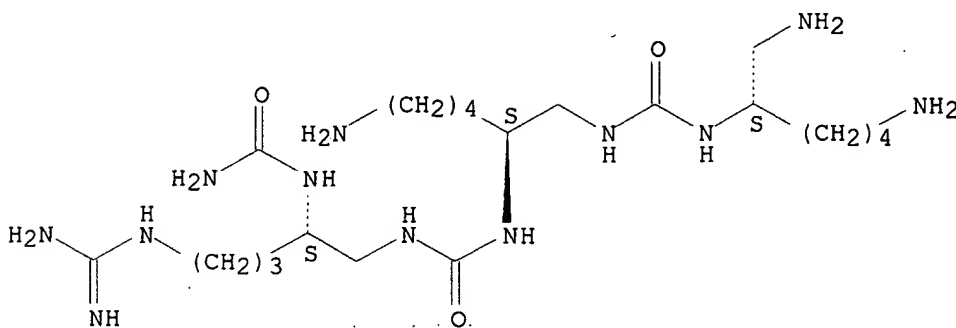
PAGE 1-B

—NH₂

RN 334001-11-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2,5,7,10-Tetraazaundecanediamide, N11-[(1S)-5-amino-1-(aminomethyl)pentyl]-
8-(4-aminobutyl)-3-[3-[(aminoiminomethyl)amino]propyl]-6-oxo-, (3S,8S)-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

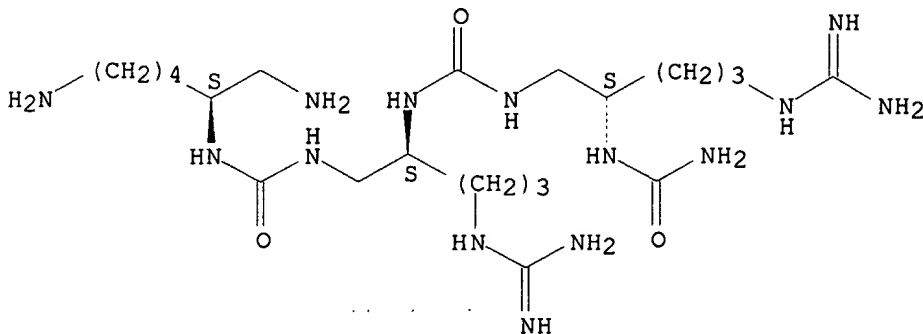
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 334001-12-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,5,7,10-Tetraazaundecanediamide, N11-[(1S)-5-amino-1-(aminomethyl)pentyl]-
3,8-bis[3-[(aminoiminomethyl)amino]propyl]-6-oxo-, (3S,8S)- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

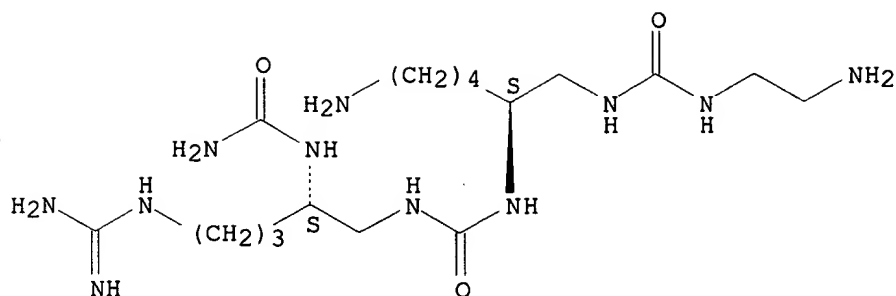
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 334001-13-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,5,7,10-Tetraazaundecanediamide, 8-(4-aminobutyl)-N11-(2-aminoethyl)-3-[3-
[(aminoiminomethyl)amino]propyl]-6-oxo-, (3S,8S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 253141-50-3

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; prepn. of novel amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

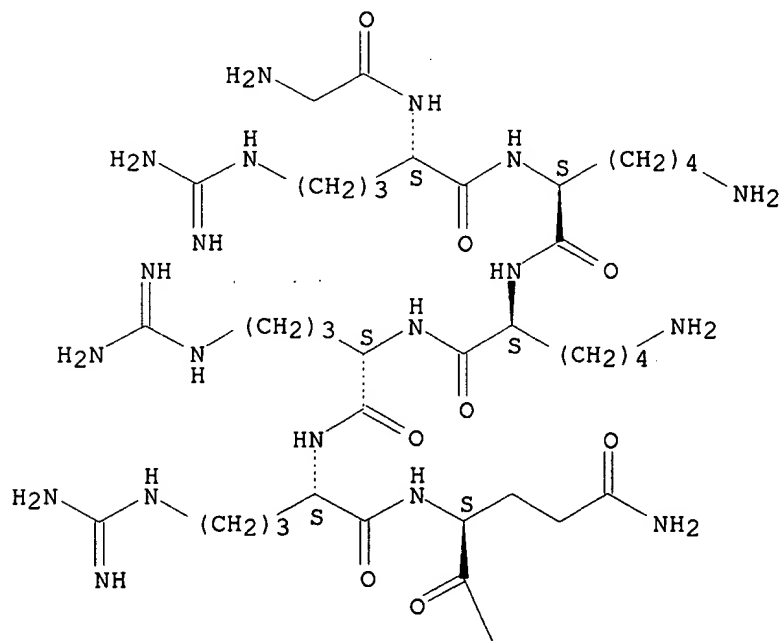
RN 253141-50-3 HCAPLUS

CN L-Arginine, glycyl-L-arginyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

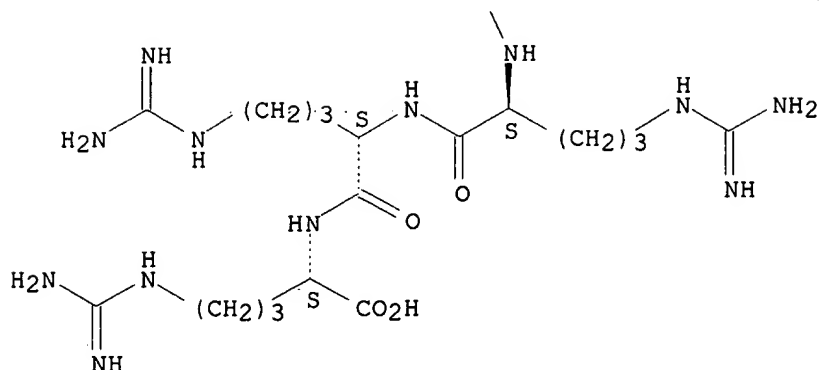
SEQ 1 GRKKRRQRRR

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



IT INDEXING IN PROGRESS

IT 334001-10-4P 334001-11-5P 334001-12-6P

334001-13-7P

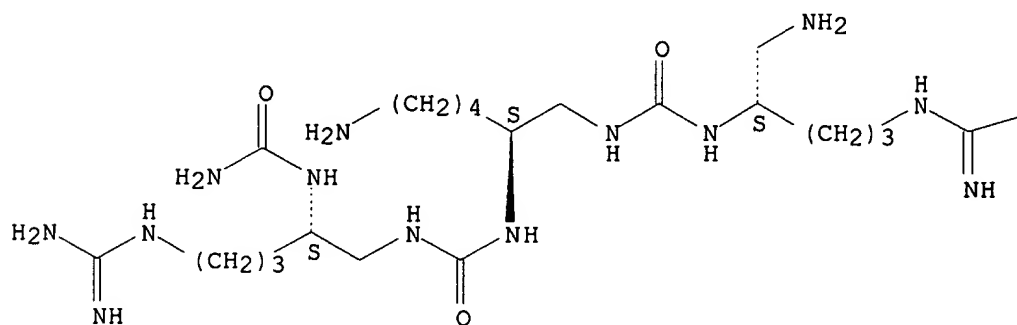
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (prepn. of amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

RN 334001-10-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2,5,7,10-Tetraazaundecanediamide, 8-(4-aminobutyl)-N11-[(1S)-4-[(aminoiminomethyl)amino]-1-(aminomethyl)butyl]-3-[3-[(aminoiminomethyl)amino]propyl]-6-oxo-, (3S,8S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

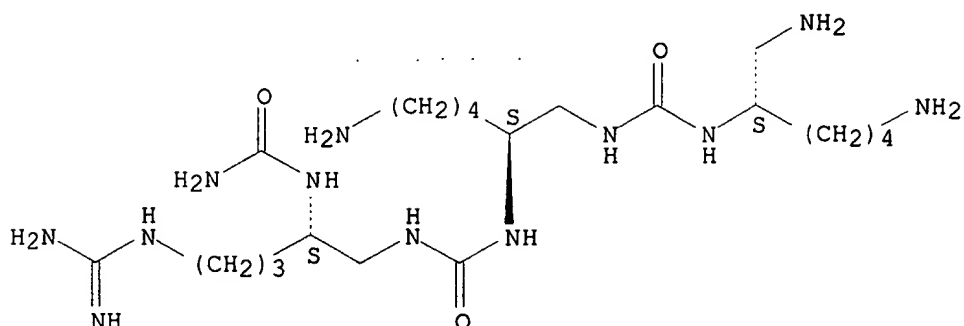
—NH2

RN 334001-11-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2,5,7,10-Tetraazaundecanediamide, N11-[(1S)-5-amino-1-(aminomethyl)pentyl]-8-(4-aminobutyl)-3-[3-[(aminoiminomethyl)amino]propyl]-6-oxo-, (3S,8S)-

(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

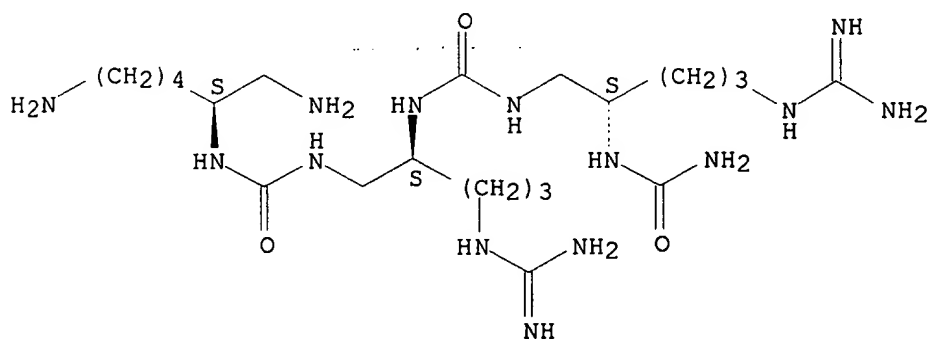
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 334001-12-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,5,7,10-Tetraazaundecanediamide, N11-[(1S)-5-amino-1-(aminomethyl)pentyl]-3,8-bis[3-[(aminoiminomethyl)amino]propyl]-6-oxo-, (3S,8S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

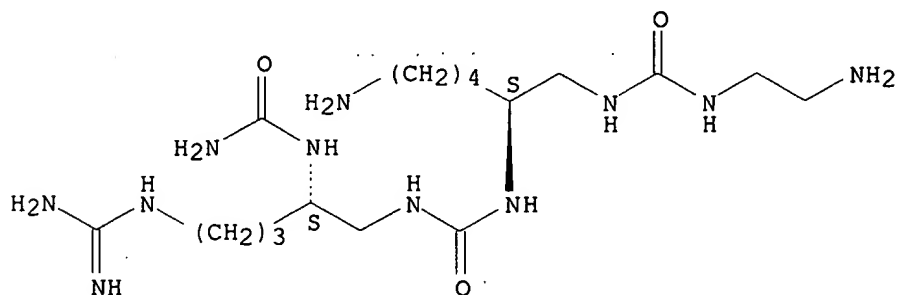
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 334001-13-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,5,7,10-Tetraazaundecanediamide, 8-(4-aminobutyl)-N11-(2-aminoethyl)-3-[3-[(aminoiminomethyl)amino]propyl]-6-oxo-, (3S,8S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 253141-50-3

RL: PRP (Properties)

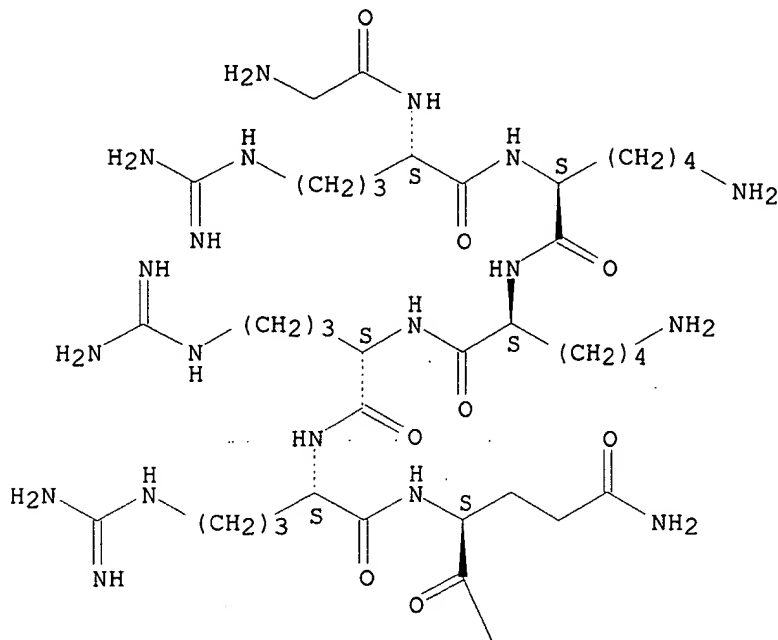
(unclaimed sequence; prepn. of novel amino acid-related carbamates and ureas)

RN 253141-50-3 HCAPLUS

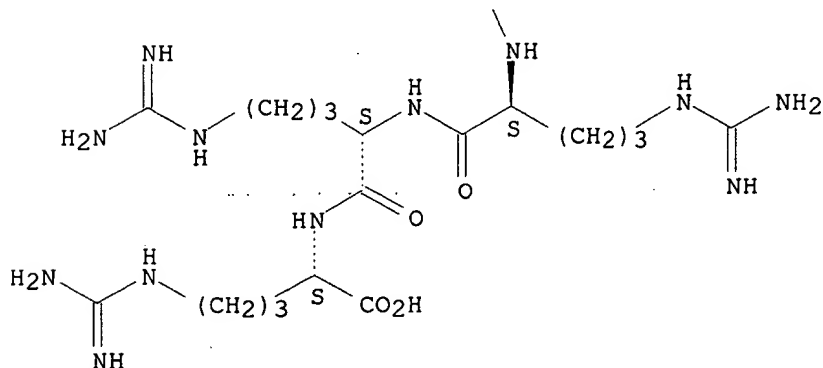
CN L-Arginine, glycyl-L-arginyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



REFERENCE COUNT:

3

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:75995 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:291111
 TITLE: High Affinity and Specific Binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA by
 a Tat-Derived Oligourea
 AUTHOR(S): Tamilarasu, N.; Huq, Ikramul; Rana, Tariq M.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pharmacology, Robert Wood Johnson
 Medical School, Piscataway, NJ, 08854, USA
 SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (1999),
 121(7), 1597-1598
 CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

AB An oligourea contg. the basic arginine-rich region of the Tat protein was
 synthesized and shown to specifically recognize TAR RNA. Oligourea-RNA
 interactions and stability of the oligourea to proteolysis were detd.

CC 1-5 (Pharmacology)
 ST HIV1 TAR RNA oligourea binding
 IT Genetic element
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (TAR element; binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA by a Tat-derived oligourea)

IT Human immunodeficiency virus 1
 (binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA by a Tat-derived oligourea)

IT Transcription factors
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (tat; binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA by a Tat-derived oligourea)

IT 223273-18-5P
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP
 (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
 (Preparation); PROC (Process)
 (binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA by a Tat-derived oligourea)

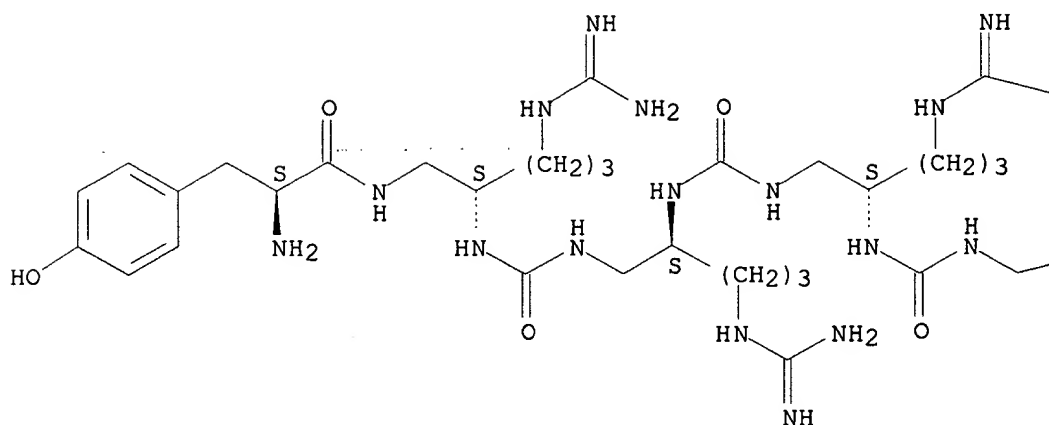
IT 191936-91-1
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
 (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA by a Tat-derived oligourea and comparison
 with Tat-derived peptide)

IT 223273-18-5P
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP
 (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
 (Preparation); PROC (Process)
 (binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA by a Tat-derived oligourea)

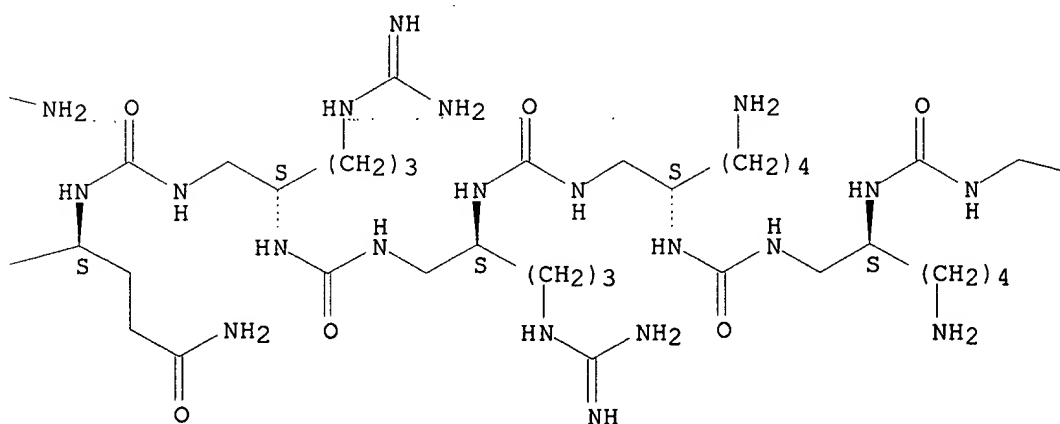
RN 223273-18-5 HCAPLUS
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 Octadecaazahexatetracontanediamide, 29,34-bis(4-aminobutyl)-N1-[(1S)-1-
 [[[2S)-2-amino-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-oxopropyl]amino]methyl]-4-
 [(aminoiminomethyl)amino]butyl]-4,9,19,24,39-pentakis[3-
 [(aminoiminomethyl)amino]propyl]-14-(3-amino-3-oxopropyl)-
 6,11,16,21,26,31,36,41-octaexo-, (4S,9S,14S,19S,24S,29S,34S,39S)- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

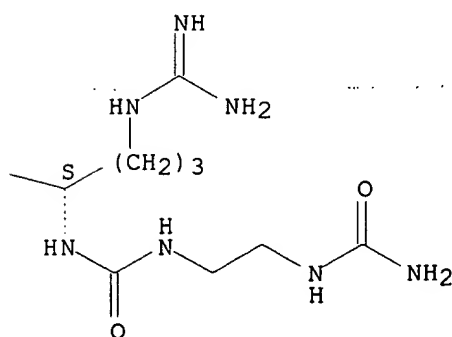
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C



IT 191936-91-1

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA by a Tat-derived oligoureia and comparison with Tat-derived peptide)

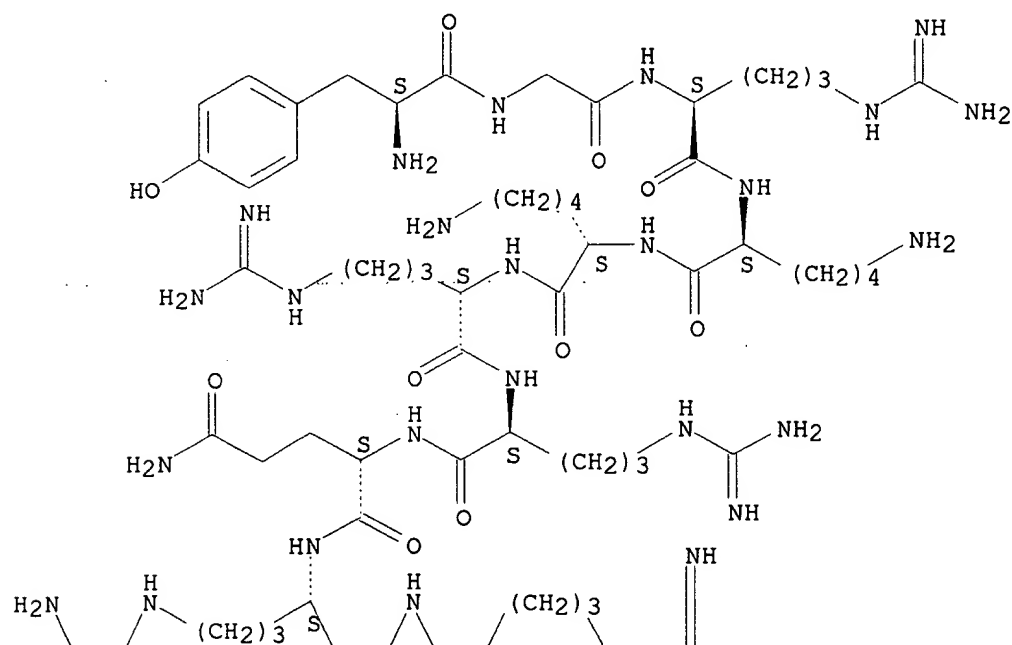
RN 191936-91-1 HCAPLUS

CN L-Arginine, L-tyrosylglycyl-L-arginyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutamyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

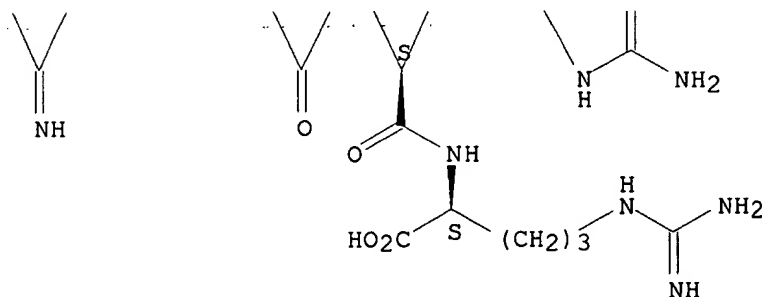
SEQ 1 YGRKKRRQRR R

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



IT INDEXING IN PROGRESS

IT 223273-18-5P

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)

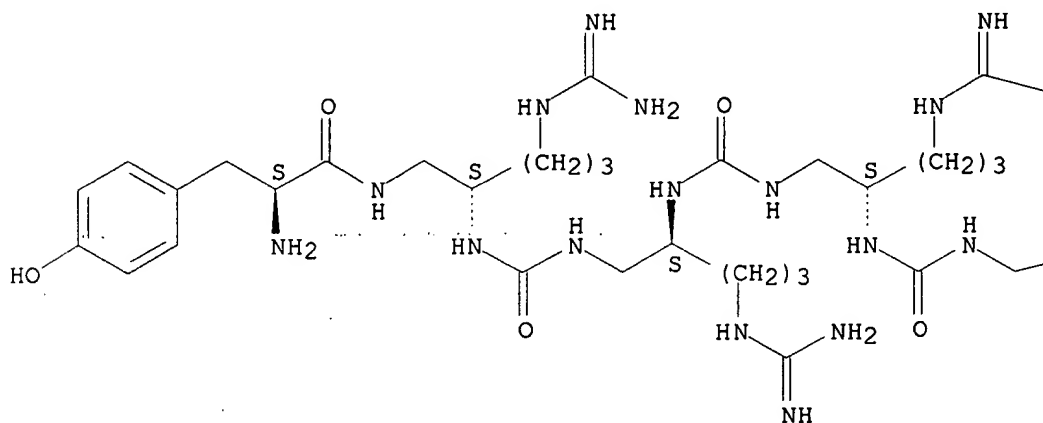
(binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA by a Tat-derived oligoureia)

RN 223273-18-5 HCAPLUS

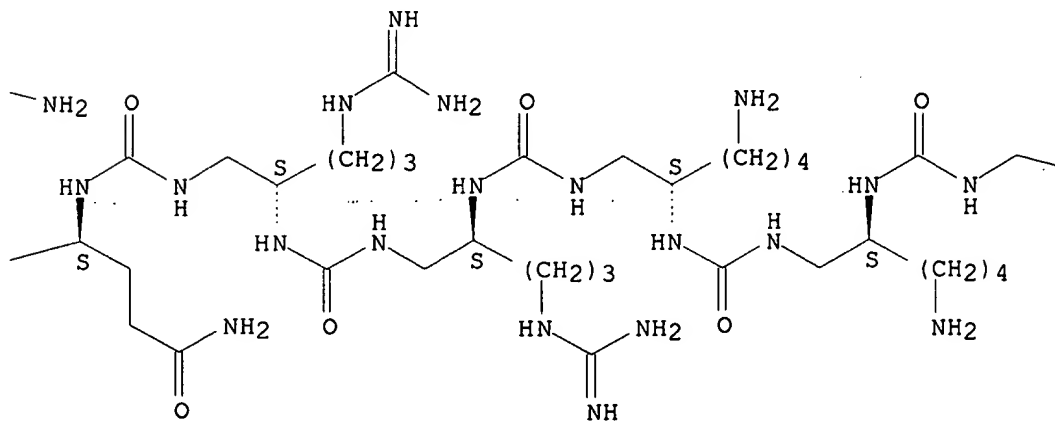
CN 2,5,7,10,12,15,17,20,22,25,27,30,32,35,37,40,42,45-
Octadecaazahexatetracontanediamide, 29,34-bis(4-aminobutyl)-N1-[(1S)-1-
[[[(2S)-2-amino-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-oxopropyl]amino]methyl]-4-
[(aminoiminomethyl)amino]butyl]-4,9,19,24,39-pentakis[3-
[(aminoiminomethyl)amino]propyl]-14-(3-amino-3-oxopropyl)-
6,11,16,21,26,31,36,41-octaexo-, (4S,9S,14S,19S,24S,29S,34S,39S)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

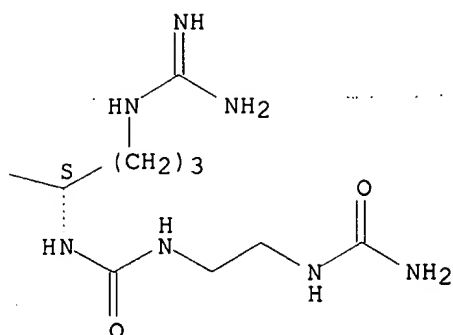
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C



IT 191936-91-1

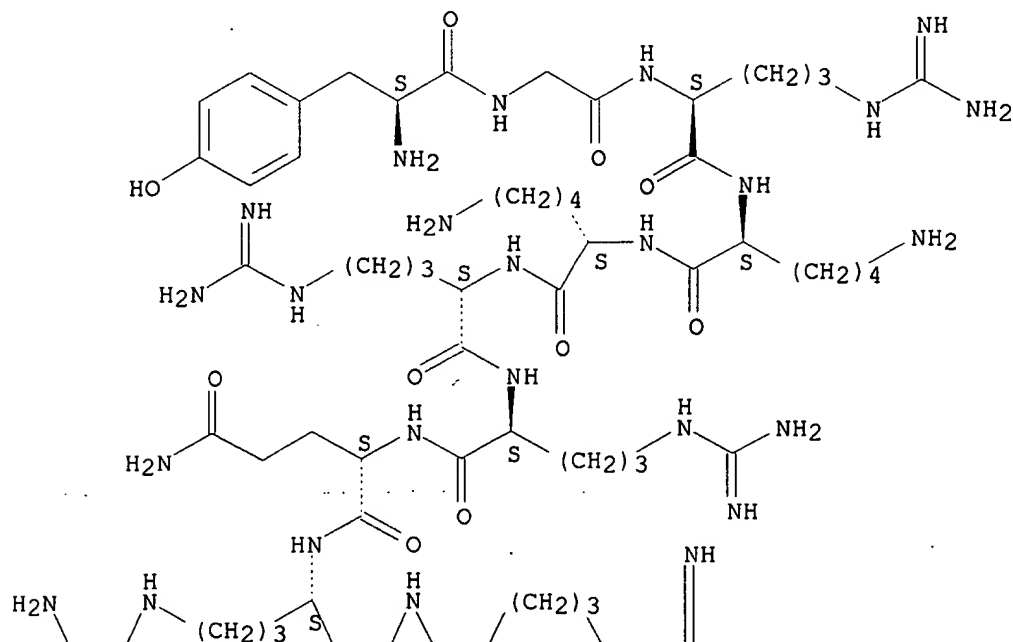
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (binding of HIV-1 TAR RNA by a Tat-derived oligoureia and comparison with Tat-derived peptide)

RN 191936-91-1 HCAPLUS

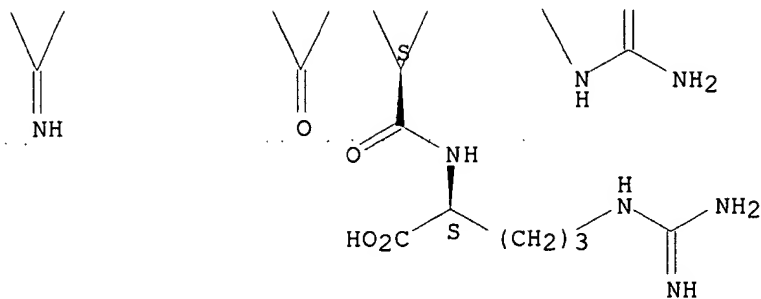
CN L-Arginine, L-tyrosylglycyl-L-arginyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-arginyl-L-arginyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



REFERENCE COUNT:

19

THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT